

Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS) Discipline Specific Life Sciences			
Number	Standard	Clarifying Statement	Citation - Where in the course is the DEVELOPMENT/PRACTICE? (Course/Semester/Unit/Lesson)
MS-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes			
MS-LS1-1	Conduct an investigation to provide evidence that living things are made of cells; either one cell or many different numbers and types of cells.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on developing evidence that living things are made of cells, distinguishing between living and non-living things, and understanding that living things may be made of one cell or many and varied cells.]	Science 6/A/Discovery a Cell/Cells
MS-LS1-2	Develop and use a model to describe the function of a cell as a whole and ways parts of cells contribute to the function.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on the cell functioning as a whole system and the primary role of identified parts of the cell, specifically the nucleus, chloroplasts, mitochondria, cell membrane, and cell wall.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment of organelle structure/function relationships is limited to the cell wall and cell membrane. Assessment of the function of the other organelles is limited to their relationship to the whole cell. Assessment does not include the biochemical function of cells or cell parts.]	Science 6/A/Discovery a Cell/Cells Science 6/A/Discovery a Cell/Cell Division
MS-LS1-3	Use argument supported by evidence for how the body is a system of interacting subsystems composed of groups of cells.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on the conceptual understanding that cells form tissues and tissues form organs specialized for particular body functions. Examples could include the interaction of subsystems within a system and the normal functioning of those systems.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include the mechanism of one body system independent of others. Assessment is limited to the circulatory, excretory, digestive, respiratory, muscular, and nervous systems.]	Science 6/A/Discovery a Cell/Cell Structure and Function Science 6/A/Discovery a Cell/Cell Organelles
MS-LS1-4	Use argument based on empirical evidence and scientific reasoning to support an explanation for how characteristic animal behaviors and specialized plant structures affect the probability of successful reproduction of animals and plants respectively.	[Clarification Statement: Examples of behaviors that affect the probability of animal reproduction could include nest building to protect young from cold, herding of animals to protect young from predators, and vocalization of animals and colorful plumage to attract mates for breeding. Examples of animal behaviors that affect the probability of plant reproduction could include transferring pollen or seeds, and creating conditions for seed germination and growth. Examples of plant structures could include bright flowers attracting butterflies that transfer pollen, flower nectar and odors that attract insects that transfer pollen, and hard shells on nuts that squirrels bury.]	Science 6/A/Discovery a Cell/Cell Structure and Function Science 6/A/Discovery a Cell/Cell Organelles Science 6/A/Exploring Green Plants/Photosynthesis Science 6/A/Exploring Green Plants/Plant Reproduction
MS-LS1-5	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how environmental and genetic factors influence the growth of organisms.	[Clarification Statement: Examples of local environmental conditions could include availability of food, light, space, and water. Examples of genetic factors could include large breed cattle and species of grass affecting growth of organisms. Examples of evidence could include drought decreasing plant growth, fertilizer increasing plant growth, different varieties of plant seeds growing at different rates in different conditions, and fish growing larger in large ponds than they do in small ponds.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include genetic mechanisms, gene regulation, or biochemical processes.]	Science 6/A/The Basics of Life/The Environment Science 6/B/Life Connections/An Animal's Life Science 6/B/Life Connections/An Animal's Niche Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystems/Ecology and the Environment

MS-LS1-6	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on tracing movement of matter and flow of energy.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include the biochemical mechanisms of photosynthesis.]	Science 6/A/Exploring Green Plants/Photosynthesis
MS-LS1-7	Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy as this matter moves through an organism.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on describing that molecules are broken apart and put back together and that in this process, energy is released.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include details of the chemical reactions for photosynthesis or respiration.]	Science 6/B/The Digestive System/The Digestive System Science 6/B/The Digestive System/Food and Oxidation
MS-LS1-8	Gather and synthesize information that sensory receptors respond to stimuli by sending messages to the brain for immediate behavior or storage as memories.	[Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include mechanisms for the transmission of this information.]	Science 6/B/Exploring Your Senses/Sight Science 6/B/Exploring Your Senses/Hearing Science 6/B/Exploring Your Senses/Smell Science 6/B/Exploring Your Senses/Taste Science 6/B/Exploring Your Senses/Touch
MS-LS2 Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics			
MS-LS2-1	Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence for the effects of resource availability on organisms and populations of organisms in an ecosystem.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on cause and effect relationships between resources and growth of individual organisms and the numbers of organisms in ecosystems during periods of abundant and scarce resources.]	Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystems/Ecosystems Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystems/Populations
MS-LS2-2	Construct an explanation that predicts patterns of interactions among organisms across multiple ecosystems.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on predicting consistent patterns of interactions in different ecosystems in terms of the relationships among and between organisms and abiotic components of ecosystems. Examples of types of interactions could include competitive, predatory, and mutually beneficial.]	Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystems/Ecosystems Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystems/Habitat Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystems/Saving Species Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystems/Extinction
MS-LS2-3	Develop a model to describe the cycling of matter and flow of energy among living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on describing the conservation of matter and flow of energy into and out of various ecosystems, and on defining the boundaries of the system.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include the use of chemical reactions to describe the processes.]	Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystems/Ecosystems Science 6/B/Life Connections/Food Chains Science 6/B/Life Connections/Food Webs Science 6/B/Life Connections/Humans in the Food Web Science 6/B/Life Connections/Eating Low on the Food Chain
MS-LS2-4	Construct an argument supported by empirical evidence that changes to physical or biological components of an ecosystem affect populations.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on recognizing patterns in data and making warranted inferences about changes in populations, and on evaluating empirical evidence supporting arguments about changes to ecosystems.]	Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystems/Ecosystems Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystems/Populations
MS-LS2-5	Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.*	[Clarification Statement: Examples of ecosystem services could include water purification, nutrient recycling, and prevention of soil erosion. Examples of design solution constraints could include scientific, economic, and social considerations.]	Science 6/Biodiversity and Habitat Loss
MS-LS3 Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits			
MS-LS3-1	Develop and use a model to describe why structural changes to genes (mutations) located on chromosomes may affect proteins and may result in harmful, beneficial, or neutral effects to the structure and function of the organism.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on conceptual understanding that changes in genetic material may result in making different proteins.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include specific changes at the molecular level, mechanisms for protein synthesis, or specific types of mutations.]	Science 6/A/Discovering a Cell/Cell Division Science 6/B/Life Connections/Heredity and Genetics

MS-LS3-2	Develop and use a model to describe why asexual reproduction results in offspring with identical genetic information and sexual reproduction results in offspring with genetic variation.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on using models such as Punnett squares, diagrams, and simulations to describe the cause and effect relationship of gene transmission from parent(s) to offspring and resulting genetic variation.]	Science 6/A/The Basics of Life/Life and Living Things Science 6/A/Exploring Green Plants/Plant Reproduction Science 6/A/Discovering a Cell/Asexual Reproduction Science 6/A/Discovering a Cell/Sexual Reproduction Science 6/B/Life Connections/Animal Life Cycles Science 6/B/Life Connections/Hereditry and Genetics
MS-LS4 Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity			
MS-LS4-1	Analyze and interpret data for patterns in the fossil record that document the existence, diversity, extinction, and change of life forms throughout the history of life on Earth under the assumption that natural laws operate today as in the past.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on finding patterns of changes in the level of complexity of anatomical structures in organisms and the chronological order of fossil appearance in the rock layers.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include the names of individual species or geological eras in the fossil record.]	Science 6/Geologic History
MS-LS4-2	Apply scientific ideas to construct an explanation for the anatomical similarities and differences among modern organisms and between modern and fossil organisms to infer evolutionary relationships.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on explanations of the evolutionary relationships among organisms in terms of similarity or differences of the gross appearance of anatomical structures.]	Science 6/Comparative Morphology
MS-LS4-3	Analyze displays of pictorial data to compare patterns of similarities in the embryological development across multiple species to identify relationships not evident in the fully formed anatomy.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on inferring general patterns of relatedness among embryos of different organisms by comparing the macroscopic appearance of diagrams or pictures.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment of comparisons is limited to gross appearance of anatomical structures in embryological development.]	Science 6/Comparative Morphology
MS-LS4-4	Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increasesome individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on using simple probability statements and proportional reasoning to construct explanations.]	Science 6/Biodiversity and Habitat Loss
MS-LS4-5	Gather and synthesize information about the technologies that have changed the way humans influence the inheritance of desired traits in organisms.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on synthesizing information from reliable sources about the influence of humans on genetic outcomes in artificial selection (such as genetic modification, animal husbandry, gene therapy); and, on the impacts these technologies have on society as well as the technologies leading to these scientific discoveries.]	Science 6/Genetic Engineering
MS-LS4-6	Use mathematical representations to support explanations of how natural selection may lead to increases and decreases of specific traits in populations over time.	[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on using mathematical models, probability statements, and proportional reasoning to support explanations of trends in changes to populations over time.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include Hardy Weinberg calculations.]	Science 6/B/Our Complex Ecosystem/Populations